

Zero draft 13 November 2025

The Security Council,

Guided by the purposes and the principles of the Charter of the United Nations,

Recalling all its relevant resolutions on the situation in the Middle East, including the Palestinian question, as well as the respective resolutions of the UN General Assembly, particularly resolution A/80/L.1/Rev.1 endorsing the New York Declaration on the Peaceful Settlement of the Question of Palestine and the Implementation of the Two-State Solution,

Acknowledging the diplomatic efforts, including by Egypt, Qatar, the Republic of Türkiye and the United States, aimed at reaching long and lasting settlement of the Palestinian-Israeli conflict,

Welcoming in this regard the summit held in Sharm-el-Sheikh on 13 October 2025, and the provisions of the Comprehensive Plan to End the Gaza Conflict of 29 September 2025 related to the ceasefire in the Gaza Strip, release of hostages and detainees, as well as resumption of humanitarian aid flow,

Determining that the situation in the Occupied Palestinian Territory continues to constitute a threat to peace and security in the region,

Reiterating its demand that all parties comply with their obligations under international law, including international humanitarian law and international human rights law,

1. *Welcomes* the initiative that led to the ceasefire in the Gaza Strip, release of hostages and detainees, as well as resumption of humanitarian aid flow, achieved as a result of the Comprehensive Plan to End the Gaza Conflict of 29 September 2025 and *calls upon* the parties to the conflict in coordination with relevant Member States and with UN facilitation to determine practical steps to ensure its further implementation;

2. *Requests* in this regard the Secretary-General to identify options to effectively implement the provisions of the abovementioned Comprehensive Plan and to expeditiously provide a respective report to the Security Council, including on the options of deployment of an International Stabilization Force in the Gaza Strip;

3. *Stresses* the need to maintain the ceasefire in the Gaza Strip that should lead to a comprehensive and permanent cessation of hostilities, *emphasizing* the importance of all parties to comply with their obligations, including with regard to the protection of civilians,

4. *Demands* full, rapid, safe and unhindered humanitarian access, first and foremost for United Nations humanitarian agencies and their implementing partners, to facilitate the continuous, sufficient and unhindered provision of goods and services throughout the Gaza Strip, and to enable further international comprehensive efforts on reconstruction and rehabilitation;

5. *Rejects* any attempt at demographic or territorial change in the Gaza Strip, including any actions that reduce the territory of the Gaza Strip;

6. *Reiterates* its unwavering commitment to the vision of the two-State solution where two democratic States, Israel and Palestine, live side by side in peace within secure and recognized borders, consistent with international law and relevant UN resolutions, and in this regard *stresses* the importance of the unity and the territorial contiguity of the Gaza Strip and the West Bank under the Palestinian Authority;

7. *Decides* to remain actively seized of the matter.
